

SA-I (CLASS-VI)

9/2014

**SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE**

Time : 3 hrs

MM : 80

**General Instructions :**

- i) Read all the questions carefully and number the answers according to the questions.
- ii) Multiple choice question is to be answered in the answer sheet only.
- iii) Write all the answers in neat and legible handwriting.
- iv) Attempt all the questions.
- v) Write complete sentences for question numbers 2 and 3.
- vi) Attach the maps properly to main sheet.
- vii) Questions carrying 3 marks should be answered within 60-80 words.
- viii) Questions carrying 5 marks should be answered within 80-100 words.

Q1. Each question has four options out of which only one is correct. Choose the correct option and write it in the answer sheet. (6x1=6)

(i) \_\_\_\_\_ stone found in Daojali Hading was brought from China.

- |               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| (a) Limestone | (b) Granite |
| (c) Sandstone | (d) Jadeite |

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ were the places where sacrifices were performed.

- |                 |                       |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Fire Altars | (b) Lower Town        |
| (c) Upper Town  | (d) None of the above |

(iii) By an Act of 1955, \_\_\_\_\_ is punishable offence.

- (a) Discrimination (b) Inequality  
(c) Untouchability (d) None of the above

(iv) \_\_\_\_\_ is a type of government which is for the people, of the people and by the people.

- (a) Monarchy (b) Democracy  
(c) Oligarchy (d) Dictatorship

(v) Winter Solstice occurs on :

- (a) 21 June (b) 23 September  
(c) 22 December (d) 21 March

(vi) Which of the following maps show the features like rivers, mountains, plateaus, plains, etc.?

- (a) Physical Map (b) Political Map  
(c) Thematic Map (d) Small Scale Map

Q2. Correct the incorrect statements : (6x1=6)

- (a) Herding is the process in which people grow plants & look after animals.  
(b) Archaeologists are the scholars who study the past.  
(c) India is a monarchy.  
(d) Mahatma Gandhi is considered as 'Father of the Indian Constitution.'  
(e) A map is a true model of the Earth.  
(f) A leap year has 365 days.

Q3. Answer the following questions in one sentence each: (8x1=8)

- (a) What do you understand by 'Fossil Wood'?

- (b) Which language was ordinarily used by earliest people.
- (c) How can reared animals be used as 'Store of Food'?
- (d) What is Universal Adult Franchise?
- (e) What is meant by 'Discrimination'?
- (f) Define Grid.
- (g) Identify the given conventional symbol : 'PO'.
- (h) Name the two motions of the Earth.

Q4. Differentiate between Inscriptions and Manuscripts. (3)

Q5. How did hunter gatherers become farmers? (3)

Q6. 'This building was constructed on the citadel or upper town in Mohenjodaro.' Identify it and write a short note on it. (1+2=3)

Q7. What is Government? Give two characteristic features of a Democratic Government. (1+2=3)

Q8. Give any three main provisions mentioned in the constitution to ensure equality of citizens. (3)

Q9. Suggest three ways in which people can help in proper functioning of Government. (3)

Q10. 'These are imaginary lines running from North Pole to South Pole.' Identify these lines and describe how they are important. (1+2=3)

Q11. Write a short note on Summer Solstice. (3)

Q12. 'Symbols are one of the important components of a map.' How are they useful? (3)

Q13. Describe the life of farmers in Harappan Civilization. (5)

Q14. (a) How did the invention of wheel help the people during the Neolithic period?

(b) List any three ways in which life of farmers and herders was different from hunter gatherers.

(2+3=5)

Q15. What are stereotypes? How does stereotype influence our behaviour?

(2+3=5)

Q16. Draw a well labelled diagram showing the three heat zones on earth. Explain any one of them.

(3+2=5)

Q17. What is Equinox? Briefly explain the two types of Equinoxes.

(1+2+2=5)

Q18. Attempt the following maps :

(a) On the provided political map of India, name and mark the following :

(1x4=4)

- (i) First city discovered
- (ii) An early city which had fire altars
- (iii) Site famous for fresh water and fertile soil
- (iv) The latitude which divides India into two equal halves.

(b) On the provided political map of the World, name and mark the following :

(1x4=4)

- (i) Smallest continent
- (ii) Mountain range that divides Europe and Asia
- (iii) Tropic of Capricorn
- (iv) An ocean named after India